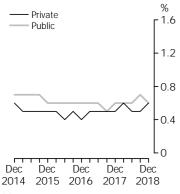


# WAGE PRICE INDEX

AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11.30AM (CANBERRA TIME) WED 20 FEB 2019

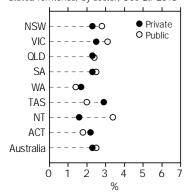
#### WPI—Quarterly changes: Trend(a)



(a) See Explanatory Notes paras 39-40, 42

#### WPI—Annual change: original

Total hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses States/Territories, by sector, Dec Qtr 2018



#### INQUIRIES

For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070 or WPI on Perth (08) 9360 5151.

### KEY FIGURES

	Sep Qtr 2018 to Dec Qtr 2018 % change	Dec Qtr 2017 to Dec Qtr 2018 % change
Wage Price Index (WPI)	J. J	Ū
Total hourly rates of pay excluding bon	uses	
Trend(a)		
Australia	(b)0.5	2.3
Sector		
Private	0.6	2.3
Public	0.6	2.5
Seasonally Adjusted(c)		
Australia	(b)0.5	2.3
Sector		
Private	0.6	2.3
Public	0.6	2.5
Original		
Australia	0.5	2.3
Sector		
Private	0.5	2.3
Public	0.7	2.5

(a) See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 39–40, 42. (c) See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 32–38, 42.

(b) See Explanatory Notes paragraph 27.

#### **KEY POINTS**

#### TOTAL HOURLY RATES OF PAY EXCLUDING BONUSES

QUARTERLY CHANGE (SEP QTR 2018 TO DEC QTR 2018)

- The trend and seasonally adjusted indexes for Australia rose 0.5% in the December quarter 2018.
- In seasonally adjusted terms, both the Private and Public sector wage price indexes rose 0.6%.
- The highest index rise at an industry level (in original terms) was recorded in Financial and insurance services (0.9%) and the lowest in Accommodation and food services (0.1%).

ANNUAL CHANGE (DEC QTR 2017 TO DEC QTR 2018)

- The trend and seasonally adjusted indexes for Australia both rose 2.3% through the year to the December quarter 2018.
- In original terms, rises through the year to December quarter 2018 at the industry level ranged from 1.6% for Information media and telecommunication services to 2.8% for Electricity, gas, water and waste services and Health care and social assistance.

# NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES	ISSUE (Quarter)	RELEASE DATE
	March 2019	15 May 2019
	June 2019	14 August 2019
	September 2019	13 November 2019
	December 2019	19 February 2020
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
CHANGES IN THIS ISSUE	using expenditure on wag Hours. Weights are updat Australian economy. The	pile the WPI have been updated in the December quarter 2018 ges and salaries from the 2018 Survey of Employee Earnings and red every two years to reflect structural changes in the 2018 weights are available in the Appendix in this publication Further information can be found in paragraphs 20-25 of the
DATA REFERENCES		ey Points and Commentary are available from the tables shown ne corresponding tables of this publication on the ABS website >.
ABBREVIATIONS	ABS Australian Bureau o WPI Wage Price Index	of Statistics

David W. Kalisch Australian Statistician

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																												ра	ge	ò
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#### TABLES OF WAGE PRICE INDEXES

#### INDEXES OF TOTAL HOURLY RATES OF PAY EXCLUDING BONUSES

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1	Sector: Original, seasonally adjusted and trend
2	Australia, states and territories, all sectors: Original7
3	Australia, states and territories, private sector: Original
4	Australia, states and territories, public sector: Original
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6	Sector by industry, percentage changes: Original
IND	EXES OF HOURLY RATES OF PAY INCLUDING BONUSES
7	Sector: Original
IND	EXES OF ORDINARY TIME HOURLY RATES OF PAY EXCLUDING
BON	IUSES
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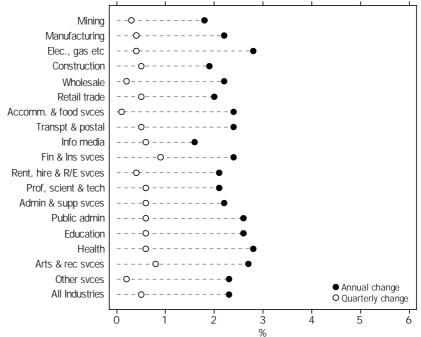
# C O M M E N T A R Y

WAGE PRICE INDEXES Australia/Sector	In the December quarter 2018 both the Private and Public sector indexes rose 0.6%. The All sectors quarterly rise was 0.5%.
(seasonally adjusted)	The Private sector through the year rise to the December quarter 2018 of 2.3% was smaller than the Public sector rise of 2.5%. The Private sector has recorded the highest through the year growth since December 2014.
Australia/Sector (original)	In the December quarter 2018, the Private sector index rose 0.5% while the Public sector rose 0.7%. The All sectors quarterly rise was 0.5%.
	The All sectors through the year rise was 2.3%. Through the year the Private and Public sectors grew 2.3% and 2.5% respectively, which continues the moderate rate of wages growth over the last two years.
State/Territory (original)	In the December quarter 2018, Victoria recorded the highest quarterly rise of 0.8%. Tasmania recorded the lowest quarterly rise of 0.2%.
	Rises through the year ranged from 1.6% for Western Australia to 2.7% for Victoria.
	In the Private sector, the quarterly rise of 0.8% for Victoria was the highest rise of all states and territories. The lowest quarterly rise of 0.2% was recorded by the Australian Capital Territory.
	Rises through the year in the Private sector ranged from 1.6% for the Northern Territory to 2.9% for Tasmania.
	In the Public sector, Queensland recorded the highest quarterly rise of all the states and territories (1.3%). Tasmania recorded the lowest rise of 0.2%.
	Through the year, the Northern Territory recorded the highest Public sector rise of 3.4%, and Western Australia recorded the lowest (1.4%).

#### COMMENTARY continued

Industry (original)

WPI—ANNUAL AND QUARTERLY CHANGES: ORIGINAL, Total hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses—Industry, December quarter 2018



Wage growth in the Health care and social assistance industry was the main contributor to the December quarter 2018 index growth.

In the Private sector, Accommodation and food services recorded the lowest growth over the quarter (0.1%). Financial and insurance services recorded the highest quarterly rise of 0.9%.

Rises through the year in the Private sector ranged from 1.5% for Information media and telecommunication services, to 3.0% for Health care and social assistance.

In the Public sector, Electricity, gas, water and waste services recorded the lowest quarterly wages growth of 0.4% while Professional, scientific and technical services recorded the highest at 1.1%.

Rises through the year in the Public sector ranged from 1.9% for Professional, scientific and technical services to 2.7% for Public administration and safety.

Sector

	ORIGINA	L	•••••	SEASONA	LLY ADJUS	STED(a)	TREND(b	)	
Period	Private	Public A	II Sectors	Private	Public A	III Sectors	Private	Public A	II Sector
					• • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •		• • • • •
			IND	EX NUME	3 E R S (c)				
2015									
December	122.3	124.3	122.7	122.2	124.3	122.7	122.2	124.3	122.
2016									
March	122.7	125.0	123.2	122.8	124.9	123.3	122.8	125.0	123.
June	123.1	125.4	123.7	123.4	125.7	123.9	123.3	125.7	123.
September	124.1	126.5	124.6	123.8	126.4	124.4	123.9	126.4	124.
December	124.5	127.2	125.1	124.4	127.1	125.0	124.4	127.1	125.
2017									
March	124.9	128.0	125.6	125.0	127.9	125.7	125.0	127.9	125.
June	125.4	128.5	126.1	125.6	128.7	126.3	125.6	128.7	126.
September	126.4	129.5	127.1	126.2	129.4	126.9	126.2	129.4	126.
December	126.9	130.3	127.7	126.8	130.2	127.6	126.8	130.2	127.
2018									
March	127.4	131.0	128.2	127.4	131.0	128.3	127.5	131.0	128.
June	127.9	131.5	128.7	128.2	131.8	129.0	128.2	131.8	129.
September	129.2	132.7	130.0	128.9	132.7	129.8	128.9	132.7	129.
	129.8	133.6	130.6	129.7	133.5	130.5	129.7	133.5	130.
2016 December	NGE FR( 1.8	OM COR 2.3	2.0	DING QU 1.8	ARTER 2.3	OF PREV	/IOUS YE	AR (%) 2.3	1.
C H A 2016 December 2017 March June September December 2018 March	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0	2.3 2.4 2.5 2.4 2.4 2.3	2.0 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9	<ul> <li>2.3</li> <li>2.4</li> <li>2.4</li> <li>2.4</li> <li>2.4</li> <li>2.4</li> <li>2.4</li> </ul>	1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0	2.3 2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4	1. 1. 1. 2. 2. 2.
C H A 2016 December 2017 March June September December 2018 March June	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.0	2.3 2.4 2.5 2.4 2.4 2.3 2.3	2.0 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.1	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4	1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1	1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1	2.3 2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4	1. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2.
C H A 2016 December 2017 March June September December 2018 March	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0	2.3 2.4 2.5 2.4 2.4 2.3	2.0 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9	<ul> <li>2.3</li> <li>2.4</li> <li>2.4</li> <li>2.4</li> <li>2.4</li> <li>2.4</li> <li>2.4</li> </ul>	1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0	2.3 2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4	1. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.
C H A 2016 December 2017 March June September December 2018 March June September	1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.0 2.2	2.3 2.4 2.5 2.4 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.5 2.5	2.0 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.1 2.1	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.5	1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.3	2.3 2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.6	1. 1. 2. 2.
CHA 2016 December 2017 March June September 2018 March June September December	1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.2 2.3	2.3 2.4 2.5 2.4 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.5 2.5 CHAN	2.0 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 GE FROM	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 2.1 2.1 2.3 // PREVIO	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.6 2.5	1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 ARTER (9	1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.3	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.5	1. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.
C H A 2016 December 2017 March June September 2018 March June September December December 2016 December 2017	1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.2 2.3	2.3 2.4 2.5 2.4 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.5 2.5 CHAN 0.6	2.0 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 GE FROM 0.4	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 2.1 2.1 2.3 A PREVIO 0.5	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.5 USQUA	1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 ARTER (9 0.5	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.3 %) 0.4	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.6 2.5	1. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 0.
C H A 2016 December 2017 March June September 2018 March June September December 2016 December 2017 March	1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.0 2.2 2.3 0.3 0.3	2.3 2.4 2.5 2.4 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.5 2.5 CHAN 0.6 0.6	2.0 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 GE FROM 0.4 0.4	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 2.1 2.1 2.3 A PREVIO 0.5 0.5	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.5 USQUA 0.6 0.6	1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 ARTER (9 0.5 0.6	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.3 %) 0.4 0.5	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.6 2.5 0.6 0.6	1. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 0. 0.
C H A 2016 December 2017 March June September 2018 March June September December 2016 December 2017 March June	1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.0 2.2 2.3 0.3 0.3 0.4	2.3 2.4 2.5 2.4 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.5 2.5 CHAN 0.6 0.6 0.4	2.0 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 GE FROM 0.4 0.4 0.4	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 2.1 2.1 2.3 M PREVIO 0.5 0.5	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.5 US QUA 0.6 0.6 0.6	1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 ARTER (9 0.5 0.6 0.5	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.3 %) 0.4 0.5 0.5	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.5 0.6 0.6	1. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 0. 0. 0. 0.
C H A 2016 December 2017 March June September 2018 March June September December 2016 December 2017 March June September	1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.0 2.2 2.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.8	2.3 2.4 2.5 2.4 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.5 2.5 CHAN 0.6 0.6 0.4 0.8	2.0 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 GE FROM 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.8	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 2.1 2.1 2.3 M PREVIO 0.5 0.5 0.5	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.5 US QUA 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.5	1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 ARTER (9 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.5	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.3 %) 0.4 0.5 0.5	2.3 2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.6 2.5 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.5	1. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
C H A 2016 December 2017 March June September December December December 2016 December 2017 March June September December	1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.0 2.2 2.3 0.3 0.3 0.4	2.3 2.4 2.5 2.4 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.5 2.5 CHAN 0.6 0.6 0.4	2.0 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 GE FROM 0.4 0.4 0.4	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 2.1 2.1 2.3 M PREVIO 0.5 0.5	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.5 US QUA 0.6 0.6 0.6	1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 ARTER (9 0.5 0.6 0.5	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.3 %) 0.4 0.5 0.5	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.5 0.6 0.6	1. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
C H A 2016 December 2017 March June September December December December 2016 December 2017 March June September 2017	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.0 2.2 2.3 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.8 0.4	2.3 2.4 2.5 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.5 2.5 CHAN 0.6 0.6 0.4 0.8 0.6	2.0 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 GE FROM 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.5	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 2.1 2.1 2.3 M PREVIO 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.5 US QU 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.5 0.6	1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 ARTER (9 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.6	1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.3 %) 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	2.3 2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.6 2.5 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.5 0.6	1. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
C H A 2016 December 2017 March June September December 2018 March June September December 2017 March June September 2017 March June	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.0 2.2 2.3 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.8 0.4 0.4	2.3 2.4 2.5 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.5 2.5 CHAN 0.6 0.6 0.4 0.8 0.6 0.5	2.0 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 GE FROM 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.4	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 2.1 2.1 2.3 M PREVIO 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.5 USQUA 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 ARTER (9 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.6 0.5	1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.3 %) 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6	2.3 2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.6 2.5 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	1. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
C H A 2016 December 2017 March June September 2018 March June September December 2016 December 2017 March June September 2018 March June	1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.0 2.2 2.3 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4	2.3 2.4 2.5 2.4 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.5 2.5 CHAN 0.6 0.6 0.4 0.8 0.6 0.5 0.4	2.0 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 GE FROM 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.5	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 2.1 2.1 2.3 M PREVIO 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.5 USQUA 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 ARTER (9 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.6 (d)0.5	1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.3 %) 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	2.3 2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.5 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	1. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.
C H A 2016 December 2017 March June September December 2018 March June September December 2017 March June September 2017 March June	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.0 2.2 2.3 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.8 0.4 0.4	2.3 2.4 2.5 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.5 2.5 CHAN 0.6 0.6 0.4 0.8 0.6 0.5	2.0 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 GE FROM 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.4	1.8 1.8 1.9 1.9 2.1 2.1 2.3 M PREVIO 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.5 USQUA 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.3 ARTER (9 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.6 0.5	1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.1 2.3 %) 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6	2.3 2.3 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.6 2.5 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6	1. 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 0. 0.

(b) See Explanatory notes paragraphs 39–40,42. (d) See Explanatory Notes paragraph 27.



#### All Sectors: Original

	New			Couth	Western		Northorn	Australian	
Period	South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Capital Territory	Australia
				INDEX NUI	MBERS(a)				
2014-15	119.8	120.3	120.5	120.4	122.4	120.0	121.4	119.7	120.4
2015-16	122.4	123.1	122.8	123.1	124.7	122.7	124.1	121.7	123.0
2016-17	124.9	125.6	125.1	125.8	126.5	125.4	126.7	124.0	125.4
2017-18	127.5	128.5	127.9	128.4	128.3	128.3	128.3	126.4	127.9
2015									
December	122.1	122.9	122.6	123.0	124.5	122.2	124.0	121.4	122.7
2016									
March	122.6	123.4	123.1	123.5	125.1	123.0	124.3	122.0	123.2
June	123.1	123.9	123.4	123.8	125.3	123.5	124.6	122.6	123.7
September	124.2	124.7	124.3	125.0	126.0	124.8	126.0	123.2	124.6
December 2017	124.7	125.2	125.0	125.7	126.2	125.1	126.6	123.7	125.1
March	125.2	125.9	125.4	126.2	126.6	125.8	126.9	124.2	125.6
June	125.6	125.9	125.4	126.4	120.0	125.0	120.9	124.2	125.0
September	126.8	120.4	123.0	127.5	127.0	120.0	127.8	125.5	120.1
December	127.2	128.2	127.7	128.1	128.1	127.9	128.0	126.1	127.7
2018									
March	127.8	128.8	128.1	128.9	128.5	128.7	128.3	126.7	128.2
June	128.3	129.5	128.6	129.1	128.9	129.1	129.1	127.2	128.7
September	129.8	130.6	129.9	130.3	129.7	130.9	130.0	128.2	130.0
December	130.3	131.6	130.6	131.1	130.1	131.2	130.8	128.6	130.6
		СНА	NGE FROM			CIAL YEAR			
2015 1/	0.0						. ,	47	
2015–16 2016–17	2.2 2.0	2.3 2.0	1.9 1.9	2.2 2.2	1.9 1.4	2.3 2.2	2.2 2.1	1.7 1.9	2.2 2.0
2010-17	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.2	1.4	2.2	1.3	1.9	2.0
2017 10									
			I CORRESP						
2016									
December	2.1	1.9	2.0	2.2	1.4	2.4	2.1	1.9	2.0
2017									
March	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.2	1.2	2.3	2.1	1.8	1.9
June	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.1	1.4	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.9
September	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.0	1.3	2.2	1.4	1.9	2.0
December	2.0	2.4	2.2	1.9	1.5	2.2	1.1	1.9	2.1
2018									
March	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.5	2.3	1.1	2.0	2.1
June	2.1	2.5	2.2	2.1	1.5	2.5	1.5	1.8	2.1
September December	2.4 2.4	2.5 2.7	2.3 2.3	2.2 2.3	1.6 1.6	2.6 2.6	1.7 2.2	2.2 2.0	2.3 2.3
December	2.4	2.1	2.3	2.3	1.0	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.3
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		CHANGE FF	ROM PREV	10US QU <i>4</i>	ARTER (%)			
2016									
December 2017	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.4
March	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.4
June	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.4
September	1.0	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.6	1.3	0.5	0.5	0.8
December	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.5
2018	a -								
March	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.4
June	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.4
September	1.2	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.6	1.4	0.7	0.8	1.0 0.5
December	0.4	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.5
	• • • • • • • •					• • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • •

Private Sector: Original

	New							Australian	
Period	South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Capital Territory	Australia
• • • • • • • • • • •									
			I	NDEX NUI	MBERS(a)				
2014–15	119.4	120.2	120.2	120.4	121.5	120.0	121.0	118.8	120.1
2015–16	122.0	122.9	122.4	123.1	123.4	122.8	123.2	121.2	122.5
2016–17	124.4	125.2	124.5	125.6	124.8	125.6	125.2	123.7	124.7
2017–18	126.9	127.9	127.0	128.1	126.7	128.5	127.0	126.1	127.2
2015									
December	121.7	122.7	122.2	122.8	123.1	122.5	123.0	120.9	122.3
2016	100.1	100.0	100 (	100.4	100 7	100.0	100.0	101 5	400 7
March June	122.1 122.7	123.2 123.7	122.6 122.9	123.4 123.6	123.7 124.0	123.0 123.6	123.3 123.7	121.5 121.8	122.7 123.1
September	122.7	123.7	122.9	123.0	124.0	125.0	123.7	121.8	123.1
December	123.0	124.5	123.9	124.9	124.5	125.1	124.0	123.0	124.1
2017	124.1	124.7	124.5	125.5	124.0	125.4	125.0	120.0	124.5
March	124.6	125.5	124.8	125.9	124.9	125.8	125.4	124.0	124.9
June	125.1	126.0	125.1	126.1	125.3	126.0	125.8	124.5	125.4
September	126.2	126.9	126.4	127.4	126.2	127.9	126.5	125.4	126.4
December	126.6	127.7	126.7	127.9	126.5	128.2	126.7	125.7	126.9
2018									
March	127.1	128.2	127.2	128.4	126.9	128.7	127.1	126.3	127.4
June	127.7	128.8	127.7	128.6	127.3	129.1	127.5	127.1	127.9
September	129.0	129.9	129.2	130.1	128.1	131.5	128.3	128.2	129.2
December	129.5	130.9	129.6	130.8	128.6	131.9	128.7	128.5	129.8
• • • • • • • • • • •			NGE FROM					• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
2015-16	2.2	2.2	1.8		1.6		1.8	2.0	2.0
2015-18	2.2	2.2 1.9	1.8	2.2 2.0	1.0	2.3 2.3	1.8	2.0 2.1	2.0
2010-17	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.0	1.5	2.3	1.4	1.9	2.0
			I CORRESP						• • • • • • • •
	CHAN	GL I KUN	ICORKESF	UNDING (	JUARILK	OI FREVIO	JUJ ILAK	(70)	
2016									
December	2.0	1.8	1.7	2.0	1.2	2.4	1.6	2.0	1.8
2017	2.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	2.2	1 7	2.1	1.0
March June	2.0 2.0	1.9 1.9	1.8 1.8	2.0 2.0	1.0 1.0	2.3 1.9	1.7 1.7	2.1 2.2	1.8 1.9
September	2.0 2.1	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.0	2.2	1.7	2.2	1.9
December	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.0	1.4	2.2	1.5	2.0	1.9
2018	2.0	2.2	1.7	2.1	1.0	2.2		1.7	,
March	2.0	2.2	1.9	2.0	1.6	2.3	1.4	1.9	2.0
June	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.6	2.5	1.4	2.1	2.0
September	2.2	2.4	2.2	2.1	1.5	2.8	1.4	2.2	2.2
December	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.3	1.7	2.9	1.6	2.2	2.3
			CHANGE FF	ROM PREV	IOUS QUA	ARTER (%)			
2016									
December	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3
2017									
March	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.3
June	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4
September	0.9	0.7	1.0	1.0	0.7	1.5	0.6	0.7	0.8
December	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4
2018 March	0.4	<b>•</b> 4	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.2		o /
June	0.4 0.5	0.4 0.5	0.4 0.4	0.4 0.2	0.3 0.3	0.4 0.3	0.3 0.3	0.5 0.6	0.4 0.4
September	1.0	0.5	1.2	1.2	0.3	1.9	0.3	0.8	0.4 1.0
December	0.4	0.9	0.3	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.9	0.5
200011001		0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • •			•••••		•••••	• • • • • • • •



Public Sector: Original

	New South	1/1-41-	Questional	South Australia	Western	Taanaaria	Northern	Australian Capital	A
Period	Wales	Victoria	Queensland	Australia	Australia	Tasmania	Territory	Territory	Australia
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •			INDEX NUI	MBERS(a)	• • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • •
2014–15	121.0	120.5	121.5	120.6	125.7	120.2	122.0	120.1	121.6
2015–16	123.8	124.0	124.5	123.6	129.9	122.4	125.8	121.9	124.6
2016–17	126.9	126.9	127.5	126.7	132.6	124.9	129.7	124.1	127.6
2017–18	129.9	130.7	130.9	129.5	134.5	127.9	131.1	126.4	130.6
2015									
December	123.5	123.7	123.9	123.9	129.8	121.7	126.1	121.6	124.3
2016									
March	124.1	124.3	125.2	124.2	130.4	122.9	126.3	122.1	125.0
June	124.3	124.8	125.6	124.5	130.7	123.2	126.3	123.0	125.4
September	126.2	125.7	125.9	125.3	131.7	124.0	128.8	123.2	126.5
December 2017	126.4	126.3	127.5	126.8	132.2	124.4	129.8	123.8	127.2
March	127.3	127.5	127.9	127.2	133.2	125.4	130.0	124.2	128.0
June	127.5	127.0	128.6	127.4	133.4	125.6	130.1	125.0	128.5
September	129.2	129.1	129.4	128.1	133.8	126.9	130.5	125.5	129.5
December	129.4	130.2	131.1	129.1	134.3	127.2	130.6	126.3	130.3
2018									
March	130.3	131.2	131.3	130.3	134.9	128.6	130.8	126.8	131.0
June	130.5	132.3	131.7	130.6	135.1	128.9	132.4	127.1	131.5
September	132.5	133.4	132.6	131.0	135.8	129.5	133.6	128.0	132.7
December	133.0	134.3	134.3	132.3	136.2	129.7	135.0	128.6	133.6
	• • • • • • • •	СНА	NGE FROM			CIAL YEAR		• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
2015-16	2.3	2.9	2.5	2.5	3.3	1.8	3.1	1.5	2.5
2016-17	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.1	2.0	3.1	1.8	2.4
2017-18	2.4	3.0	2.7	2.2	1.4	2.4	1.1	1.9	2.4
			I CORRESP						
2016	0.0	0.1		0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	
December	2.3	2.1	2.9	2.3	1.8	2.2	2.9	1.8	2.3
2017 March	2.6	2.6	2.2	2.4	2.1	2.0	2.9	1.7	2.4
June	2.6	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.1	2.0	3.0	1.7	2.4
September	2.0	2.0	2.4	2.3	1.6	2.3	1.3	1.0	2.5
December	2.4	3.1	2.8	1.8	1.6	2.3	0.6	2.0	2.4
2018	2.1	0.1	2.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	0.0	2.0	2.1
March	2.4	2.9	2.7	2.4	1.3	2.6	0.6	2.1	2.3
June	2.4	3.3	2.4	2.5	1.3	2.6	1.8	1.7	2.3
September	2.6	3.3	2.5	2.3	1.5	2.0	2.4	2.0	2.5
December	2.8	3.1	2.4	2.5	1.4	2.0	3.4	1.8	2.5
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		CHANGE FI	ROM PREV	IOUS QUA			• • • • • • • • •	
2016									
December 2017	0.2	0.5	1.3	1.2	0.4	0.3	0.8	0.5	0.6
March	0.7	1.0	0.3	0.3	0.8	0.8	0.2	0.3	0.6
June	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.6	0.4
September	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.3	1.0	0.3	0.4	0.8
December	0.2	0.9	1.3	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.6	0.6
2018	o =			o -	<i>.</i> .		~ -		
March	0.7	0.8	0.2	0.9	0.4	1.1	0.2	0.4	0.5
June	0.2	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	1.2	0.2	0.4
September	1.5 0.4	0.8 0.7	0.7 1.3	0.3 1.0	0.5 0.3	0.5 0.2	0.9 1.0	0.7 0.5	0.9
December	0.4	U. /	1.3	1.0	0.3	0.2	1.0	0.5	0.7
••••	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
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#### WAGE PRICE INDEX: TOTAL HOURLY RATES OF PAY EXCLUDING BONUSES,

#### Sector by Industry—Index numbers(a): Original

#### 

	FINANCIAL	YEAR			QUARTER	?			
Industry	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	Dec Qtr 2017	Mar Qtr 2018	Jun Qtr 2018	Sep Qtr 2018	Dec Qt 2018
	• • • • • • • • •	PR	IVATE	• • • • • • • • •			• • • • • •		• • • • •
Mining	123.9	125.9	127.0	128.7	128.5	128.7	129.5	130.3	130.8
Manufacturing	120.1	123.0	127.0	128.2	120.5	128.5	129.1	130.2	130.7
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	120.1	127.9	130.8	133.3	132.7	133.7	134.3	135.9	136.5
Construction	121.5	123.3	125.5	127.9	127.7	128.0	128.7	129.4	130.0
Wholesale trade	120.6	122.9	125.1	127.5	127.0	127.3	128.7	129.6	129.8
Retail trade	117.5	120.3	122.6	124.5	124.4	124.7	124.8	126.3	126.9
Accommodation and food services	117.4	120.1	122.8	125.4	125.3	125.6	125.7	128.1	128.2
Transport, postal and warehousing	121.0	123.4	125.6	127.7	127.4	127.9	128.4	129.7	130.4
Information media and telecommunications	117.7	120.4	122.7	125.2	125.3	125.5	125.7	126.3	127.
Financial and insurance services	121.2	124.2	126.8	129.5	129.3	129.9	130.7	131.2	132.4
Rental, hiring and real estate services	118.1	120.0	121.5	123.5	123.4	123.6	123.9	125.5	126.0
Professional, scientific and technical services	120.4	122.3	124.1	126.2	126.0	126.3	126.9	128.0	128.
Administrative and support services	117.9	119.5	121.1	123.3	123.1	123.4	123.8	125.1	125.8
Public administration and safety	119.8	122.1	124.3	127.0	126.9	127.0	127.2	128.9	129.3
Education and training	122.4	125.1	127.8	130.9	130.3	131.5	132.2	133.5	134.1
Health care and social assistance	120.9	123.8	126.8	130.2	129.8	130.6	131.0	133.3 131.2	133.
Arts and recreation services Other services	120.4 118.8	123.3 121.5	125.7 123.8	128.8 126.7	128.6 126.5	129.1 127.0	129.2 127.1	131.2	132.: 129
All industries	120.1	122.5	124.7	127.2	126.9	127.4	127.9	129.2	129.
Electricity, gas, water and waste services Professional, scientific and technical services Public administration and safety Education and training	124.5 121.2 121.0 122.5	127.2 123.0 123.7 126.0	130.0 124.8 126.4 129.1	132.7 127.0 129.2 132.3	132.3 127.1 128.9 131.9	132.8 127.3 129.6 132.9	133.9 127.5 129.9 133.4	135.2 128.1 131.5 134.2	135.) 129.) 132./ 135.)
Health care and social assistance	121.4	124.5	127.5	131.1	131.0	131.4	132.0	133.2	134.3
All industries(b)	121.6	124.6	127.6	130.6	130.3	131.0	131.5	132.7	133.
	• • • • • • • • •		SECTORS	• • • • • • • • •			• • • • • •		
Mining	123.9			128.7	128.5	128.7	129.5	130.4	130.8
Mining Manufacturing	123.9 120.1	ALL S	SECTORS		128.5 127.9	128.7 128.5	129.5 129.1	130.4 130.2	130.8 130.7
Manufacturing		ALL \$ 125.9	SECTORS 127.0	128.7					130.
0	120.1	ALL \$ 125.9 123.0	SECTORS 127.0 125.4	128.7 128.2	127.9	128.5	129.1	130.2	
Manufacturing Electricity, gas, water and waste services Construction	120.1 124.5	ALL \$ 125.9 123.0 127.5	SECTORS 127.0 125.4 130.4	128.7 128.2 132.9	127.9 132.4	128.5 133.2	129.1 134.0	130.2 135.5	130. 136.
Manufacturing Electricity, gas, water and waste services Construction Wholesale trade	120.1 124.5 121.4	ALL 3 125.9 123.0 127.5 123.3	SECTORS 127.0 125.4 130.4 125.5	128.7 128.2 132.9 127.8 127.5 124.5	127.9 132.4 127.6	128.5 133.2 128.0	129.1 134.0 128.7	130.2 135.5 129.4	130. <sup>-</sup> 136. <sup>-</sup> 130.(
Manufacturing Electricity, gas, water and waste services Construction Wholesale trade Retail trade Accommodation and food services	120.1 124.5 121.4 120.6 117.5 117.5	ALL 3 125.9 123.0 127.5 123.3 122.9 120.3 120.2	SECTORS 127.0 125.4 130.4 125.5 125.1 122.6 122.8	128.7 128.2 132.9 127.8 127.5 124.5 125.5	127.9 132.4 127.6 127.0 124.4 125.3	128.5 133.2 128.0 127.3 124.7 125.6	129.1 134.0 128.7 128.7 124.9 125.8	130.2 135.5 129.4 129.6 126.3 128.2	130. <sup>-</sup> 136. <sup>-</sup> 130.0 129.8 126.9 128.3
Manufacturing Electricity, gas, water and waste services Construction Wholesale trade Retail trade Accommodation and food services Transport, postal and warehousing	120.1 124.5 121.4 120.6 117.5 117.5 120.7	ALL 3 125.9 123.0 127.5 123.3 122.9 120.3 120.2 123.3	SECTORS 127.0 125.4 130.4 125.5 125.1 122.6 122.8 125.8	128.7 128.2 132.9 127.8 127.5 124.5 125.5 125.5 128.1	127.9 132.4 127.6 127.0 124.4 125.3 127.6	128.5 133.2 128.0 127.3 124.7 125.6 128.4	129.1 134.0 128.7 128.7 124.9 125.8 129.0	130.2 135.5 129.4 129.6 126.3 128.2 130.1	130. 136. 130. 129. 126. 128. 130.
Manufacturing Electricity, gas, water and waste services Construction Wholesale trade Retail trade Accommodation and food services Transport, postal and warehousing Information media and telecommunications	120.1 124.5 121.4 120.6 117.5 117.5 120.7 117.9	ALL 5 125.9 123.0 127.5 123.3 122.9 120.3 120.2 123.3 120.5	SECTORS 127.0 125.4 130.4 125.5 125.1 122.6 122.8 125.8 125.8 122.8	128.7 128.2 132.9 127.8 127.5 124.5 125.5 128.1 125.2	127.9 132.4 127.6 127.0 124.4 125.3 127.6 125.4	128.5 133.2 128.0 127.3 124.7 125.6 128.4 125.6	129.1 134.0 128.7 128.7 124.9 125.8 129.0 125.7	130.2 135.5 129.4 129.6 126.3 128.2 130.1 126.6	130. 136. 130. 129. 126. 128. 130. 127.
Manufacturing Electricity, gas, water and waste services Construction Wholesale trade Retail trade Accommodation and food services Transport, postal and warehousing Information media and telecommunications Financial and insurance services	120.1 124.5 121.4 120.6 117.5 117.5 120.7 117.9 121.1	ALL 5 125.9 123.0 127.5 123.3 122.9 120.3 120.2 123.3 120.5 124.2	SECTORS 127.0 125.4 130.4 125.5 125.1 122.6 122.8 125.8 125.8 122.8 122.8 126.9	128.7 128.2 132.9 127.8 127.5 124.5 125.5 128.1 125.2 129.5	127.9 132.4 127.6 127.0 124.4 125.3 127.6 125.4 129.3	128.5 133.2 128.0 127.3 124.7 125.6 128.4 125.6 129.9	129.1 134.0 128.7 128.7 124.9 125.8 129.0 125.7 130.7	130.2 135.5 129.4 129.6 126.3 128.2 130.1 126.6 131.2	130. 136. 130. 129. 126. 128. 130. 127. 132.
Manufacturing Electricity, gas, water and waste services Construction Wholesale trade Retail trade Accommodation and food services Transport, postal and warehousing Information media and telecommunications Financial and insurance services Rental, hiring and real estate services	120.1 124.5 121.4 120.6 117.5 117.5 120.7 117.9 121.1 118.5	ALL 3 125.9 123.0 127.5 123.3 122.9 120.3 120.2 123.3 120.5 124.2 120.5	SECTORS 127.0 125.4 130.4 125.5 125.1 122.6 122.8 125.8 125.8 122.8 126.9 122.0	128.7 128.2 132.9 127.8 127.5 124.5 125.5 128.1 125.2 129.5 124.0	127.9 132.4 127.6 127.0 124.4 125.3 127.6 125.4 129.3 123.9	128.5 133.2 128.0 127.3 124.7 125.6 128.4 125.6 129.9 124.1	129.1 134.0 128.7 128.7 124.9 125.8 129.0 125.7 130.7 124.4	130.2 135.5 129.4 129.6 126.3 128.2 130.1 126.6 131.2 126.0	<ol> <li>130.</li> <li>136.</li> <li>130.</li> <li>129.</li> <li>126.</li> <li>130.</li> <li>127.</li> <li>132.</li> <li>126.</li> </ol>
Manufacturing Electricity, gas, water and waste services Construction Wholesale trade Retail trade Accommodation and food services Transport, postal and warehousing Information media and telecommunications Financial and insurance services Rental, hiring and real estate services Professional, scientific and technical services	120.1 124.5 121.4 120.6 117.5 120.7 117.9 121.1 118.5 120.4	ALL 3 125.9 123.0 127.5 123.3 122.9 120.3 120.2 123.3 120.5 124.2 120.5 122.3	SECTORS 127.0 125.4 130.4 125.5 125.1 122.6 122.8 125.8 125.8 122.8 122.8 126.9 122.0 124.1	128.7 128.2 132.9 127.8 127.5 124.5 125.5 128.1 125.2 129.5 124.0 126.3	127.9 132.4 127.6 127.0 124.4 125.3 127.6 125.4 129.3 123.9 126.1	128.5 133.2 128.0 127.3 124.7 125.6 128.4 125.6 129.9 124.1 126.4	129.1 134.0 128.7 128.7 124.9 125.8 129.0 125.7 130.7 124.4 127.0	130.2 135.5 129.4 129.6 126.3 128.2 130.1 126.6 131.2 126.0 128.0	<ol> <li>130.</li> <li>136.</li> <li>130.</li> <li>129.</li> <li>126.</li> <li>128.</li> <li>130.</li> <li>127.</li> <li>132.</li> <li>126.</li> <li>128.</li> </ol>
Manufacturing Electricity, gas, water and waste services Construction Wholesale trade Retail trade Accommodation and food services Transport, postal and warehousing Information media and telecommunications Financial and insurance services Rental, hiring and real estate services Professional, scientific and technical services Administrative and support services	120.1 124.5 121.4 120.6 117.5 120.7 117.9 121.1 118.5 120.4 118.0	ALL 3 125.9 123.0 127.5 123.3 122.9 120.3 120.2 123.3 120.5 124.2 120.5 122.3 119.6	SECTORS 127.0 125.4 130.4 125.5 125.1 122.6 122.8 125.8 122.8 122.8 126.9 122.0 124.1 121.2	128.7 128.2 132.9 127.8 127.5 124.5 125.5 128.1 125.2 129.5 124.0 126.3 123.4	127.9 132.4 127.6 127.0 124.4 125.3 127.6 125.4 129.3 123.9 126.1 123.3	128.5 133.2 128.0 127.3 124.7 125.6 128.4 125.6 129.9 124.1 126.4 123.5	129.1 134.0 128.7 128.7 124.9 125.8 129.0 125.7 130.7 124.4 127.0 124.0	130.2 135.5 129.4 126.3 128.2 130.1 126.6 131.2 126.0 128.0 125.2	<ol> <li>130.</li> <li>136.</li> <li>130.</li> <li>129.</li> <li>126.</li> <li>130.</li> <li>127.</li> <li>132.</li> <li>126.</li> <li>128.</li> <li>126.</li> <li>126.</li> <li>126.</li> </ol>
Manufacturing Electricity, gas, water and waste services Construction Wholesale trade Retail trade Accommodation and food services Transport, postal and warehousing Information media and telecommunications Financial and insurance services Rental, hiring and real estate services Professional, scientific and technical services Administrative and support services Public administration and safety	120.1 124.5 121.4 120.6 117.5 120.7 117.9 121.1 118.5 120.4 118.0 120.9	ALL 3 125.9 123.0 127.5 123.3 122.9 120.3 120.2 123.3 120.5 124.2 120.5 124.2 120.5 122.3 119.6 123.6	SECTORS 127.0 125.4 130.4 125.5 125.1 122.6 122.8 125.8 122.8 126.9 122.0 124.1 121.2 126.3	128.7 128.2 132.9 127.8 127.5 124.5 125.5 125.2 129.5 124.0 126.3 123.4 129.0	127.9 132.4 127.6 127.0 124.4 125.3 127.6 125.4 129.3 123.9 126.1 123.3 128.8	128.5 133.2 128.0 127.3 124.7 125.6 128.4 125.6 129.9 124.1 126.4 123.5 129.4	129.1 134.0 128.7 128.7 124.9 125.8 129.0 125.7 130.7 124.4 127.0 124.0 129.7	130.2 135.5 129.4 129.6 126.3 128.2 130.1 126.6 131.2 126.0 128.0 125.2 131.4	<ol> <li>130.</li> <li>136.</li> <li>130.</li> <li>129.</li> <li>126.</li> <li>130.</li> <li>127.</li> <li>132.</li> <li>126.</li> <li>128.</li> <li>126.</li> <li>126.</li> <li>132.</li> <li>132.</li> </ol>
Manufacturing Electricity, gas, water and waste services Construction Wholesale trade Retail trade Accommodation and food services Transport, postal and warehousing Information media and telecommunications Financial and insurance services Rental, hiring and real estate services Professional, scientific and technical services Administrative and support services Public administration and safety Education and training	120.1 124.5 121.4 120.6 117.5 120.7 117.9 121.1 118.5 120.4 118.0 120.9 122.4	ALL 3 125.9 123.0 127.5 123.3 122.9 120.3 120.2 123.3 120.5 124.2 120.5 124.2 120.5 122.3 119.6 123.6 125.7	SECTORS 127.0 125.4 130.4 125.5 125.1 122.6 122.8 125.8 122.8 126.9 122.0 124.1 121.2 126.3 128.7	128.7 128.2 132.9 127.8 127.5 124.5 125.5 125.2 129.5 124.0 126.3 123.4 129.0 131.8	127.9 132.4 127.6 127.0 124.4 125.3 127.6 125.4 129.3 123.9 126.1 123.3 128.8 131.3	128.5 133.2 128.0 127.3 124.7 125.6 128.4 125.6 129.9 124.1 126.4 123.5 129.4 132.4	129.1 134.0 128.7 128.7 124.9 125.8 129.0 125.7 130.7 124.4 127.0 124.0 129.7 133.0	130.2 135.5 129.4 129.6 126.3 128.2 130.1 126.6 131.2 126.0 128.0 125.2 131.4 133.9	<ul> <li>130.</li> <li>136.</li> <li>130.</li> <li>129.</li> <li>126.</li> <li>128.</li> <li>130.</li> <li>127.</li> <li>132.</li> <li>126.</li> <li>128.</li> <li>126.</li> <li>132.</li> <li>134.</li> </ul>
Manufacturing Electricity, gas, water and waste services Construction Wholesale trade Retail trade Accommodation and food services Transport, postal and warehousing Information media and telecommunications Financial and insurance services Rental, hiring and real estate services Professional, scientific and technical services Administrative and support services Public administration and safety Education and training Health care and social assistance	120.1 124.5 121.4 120.6 117.5 120.7 117.9 121.1 118.5 120.4 118.0 120.9 122.4 121.1	ALL 3 125.9 123.0 127.5 123.3 122.9 120.3 120.2 123.3 120.5 124.2 120.5 122.3 119.6 123.6 125.7 124.1	SECTORS 127.0 125.4 130.4 125.5 125.1 122.6 122.8 125.8 126.9 122.0 124.1 121.2 126.3 128.7 127.1	128.7 128.2 132.9 127.8 127.5 124.5 125.5 128.1 125.2 129.5 124.0 126.3 123.4 129.0 131.8 130.6	127.9 132.4 127.6 127.0 124.4 125.3 127.6 125.4 129.3 123.9 126.1 123.3 128.8 131.3 130.3	128.5 133.2 128.0 127.3 124.7 125.6 128.4 125.6 129.9 124.1 126.4 123.5 129.4 132.4 130.9	129.1 134.0 128.7 128.7 124.9 125.8 129.0 125.7 130.7 124.4 127.0 124.0 129.7 133.0 131.4	130.2 135.5 129.4 129.6 126.3 128.2 130.1 126.6 131.2 126.0 128.0 125.2 131.4 133.9 133.2	130. 136. 130. 129. 126. 128. 130. 127. 132. 126. 128. 126. 132. 134.
Manufacturing Electricity, gas, water and waste services	120.1 124.5 121.4 120.6 117.5 120.7 117.9 121.1 118.5 120.4 118.0 120.9 122.4	ALL 3 125.9 123.0 127.5 123.3 122.9 120.3 120.2 123.3 120.5 124.2 120.5 124.2 120.5 122.3 119.6 123.6 125.7	SECTORS 127.0 125.4 130.4 125.5 125.1 122.6 122.8 125.8 122.8 126.9 122.0 124.1 121.2 126.3 128.7	128.7 128.2 132.9 127.8 127.5 124.5 125.5 125.2 129.5 124.0 126.3 123.4 129.0 131.8	127.9 132.4 127.6 127.0 124.4 125.3 127.6 125.4 129.3 123.9 126.1 123.3 128.8 131.3	128.5 133.2 128.0 127.3 124.7 125.6 128.4 125.6 129.9 124.1 126.4 123.5 129.4 132.4	129.1 134.0 128.7 128.7 124.9 125.8 129.0 125.7 130.7 124.4 127.0 124.0 129.7 133.0	130.2 135.5 129.4 129.6 126.3 128.2 130.1 126.6 131.2 126.0 128.0 125.2 131.4 133.9	130. <sup>7</sup> 136. <sup>7</sup> 130.0 129.8 126.9

(a) Reference period of each index: 2008-09 = 100.0.

(b) Includes those industries not separately listed.



#### Sector by Industry—Percentage changes: Original

#### 

	YEAR			FROM CORRES			FROM PF	REVIOUS	QUARTER	
ndustry	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18		Dec Qtr 2017	Dec Qtr 2018	Mar Qtr 2018	Jun Qtr 2018	Sep Qtr 2018	Dec Qti 2018
						• • • • • • •				
			PRIVAT	E						
Лining	1.6	0.9	1.3	1.0	1.4	1.8	0.2	0.6	0.6	0.4
Nanufacturing	2.4	2.0	2.2	1.8	2.3	2.2	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.4
lectricity, gas, water and waste services	2.6	2.3	1.9	2.3	1.8	2.9	0.8	0.4	1.2	0.4
Construction	1.5	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.8	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.5
Vholesale trade	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.8	2.2	0.2	1.1	0.7	0.
Retail trade	2.4	1.9	1.5	1.8	1.6	2.0	0.2	0.1	1.2	0.
Accommodation and food services ransport, postal and warehousing	2.3 2.0	2.2 1.8	2.1 1.7	2.3 1.9	2.0 1.6	2.3 2.4	0.2 0.4	0.1 0.4	1.9 1.0	0. 0.
nformation media and telecommunications	2.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.4 1.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0. 0.
inancial and insurance services	2.5	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.
Rental, hiring and real estate services	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.3	1.6	2.1	0.2	0.2	1.3	0.
rofessional, scientific and technical services	1.6	1.5	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.1	0.2	0.2	0.9	0.
dministrative and support services	1.4	1.3	1.8	1.3	1.8	2.2	0.2	0.3	1.1	0.
Public administration and safety	1.9	1.8	2.2	2.0	2.2	1.9	0.1	0.2	1.3	0.
ducation and training	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.9	0.9	0.5	1.0	0.
lealth care and social assistance	2.4	2.4	2.7	2.4	2.6	3.0	0.6	0.3	1.8	0.
rts and recreation services	2.4	1.9	2.5	1.9	2.5	2.8	0.4	0.1	1.5	0.
Other services	2.3	1.9	2.3	1.9	2.4	2.3	0.4	0.1	1.5	0.
II industries	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.8	1.9	2.3	0.4	0.4	1.0	0
			PUBLIC	• • • • • • • • • • • C		• • • • • • •				
lectricity, gas, water and waste services	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.6	0.4	0.8	1.0	0
rofessional, scientific and technical services	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.5	1.9	1.9	0.2	0.2	0.5	1.
ublic administration and safety	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.7	0.5	0.2	1.2	0
ducation and training	2.9	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.4	0.8	0.4	0.6	0
lealth care and social assistance	2.6	2.4	2.8	2.4	2.9	2.5	0.3	0.5	0.9	0.
ll industries(a)	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.5	0.5	0.4	0.9	0
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			L SECT			• • • • • • •				
lining	1.6	0.9	1.3	1.0	1.4	1.8	0.2	0.6	0.7	0.
lanufacturing	2.4	2.0	2.2	1.8	2.3	2.2	0.5	0.5	0.9	0
lectricity, gas, water and waste services	2.4	2.3	1.9	2.2	1.8	2.8	0.6	0.6	1.1	0
Construction	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.9	0.3	0.5	0.5	0
Vholesale trade	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.7		2.2	0.2	1.1	0.7	0
etail trade	2.4	1.9	1.5	1.8	1.6	2.0	0.2	0.2	1.1	0
ccommodation and food services	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.4	0.2	0.2	1.9	0.
ransport, postal and warehousing	2.2	2.0	1.8	2.1	1.7	2.4	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.
nformation media and telecommunications	2.2	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.6	0.2	0.1	0.7	0.
inancial and insurance services	2.6	2.2	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.4	0.5	0.6	0.4	0
Rental, hiring and real estate services	1.7 1.6	1.2 1.5	1.6 1.8	1.2 1.3	1.6 1.9	2.1 2.1	0.2 0.2	0.2 0.5	1.3 0.8	0.
rofessional, scientific and technical services dministrative and support services	1.0	1.5	1.8	1.3	1.9	2.1	0.2	0.5	0.8 1.0	0. 0.
Public administration and safety	2.2	2.2	(b)2.1	2.2	2.1	2.2	0.2	0.4	1.0	0.
ducation and training	2.2	2.2	(0)2.1	2.2	2.1	2.6	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.
lealth care and social assistance	2.7	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.0	0.5	0.3	1.4	0.
Interior edite and social assistance	2.3	2.0	2.6	1.9	2.6	2.7	0.3	0.4	1.5	0.
Other services	2.3	1.9	2.3	1.8	2.4	2.3	0.5	0.1	1.5	0.
	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.3	0.4		1.0	0.

(a) Includes those industries not separately listed.

(b) See Explanatory Notes paragraph 27.

Sector: Original

				••••••		••••••
Period	Private	Public	All Sectors	Private	Public	All Sectors
		IN D E	EX NUMBER	S (a)	• • • • • • • •	
2014–15	120.1	121.4	120.4	120.1	121.5	120.4
2015-16	122.7	124.6	123.2	122.7	124.6	123.1
2016-17	124.8	127.4	125.4	124.8	127.4	125.4
2017–18	127.7	130.5	128.4	127.7	130.5	128.3
2015						
December 2016	122.6	124.3	123.0	122.6	124.3	123.0
March	123.1	125.0	123.5	123.1	125.0	123.5
June	123.2	125.3	123.7	123.1	125.3	123.6
September	123.2	126.4	124.5	123.1	125.5	123.0
December	124.0	120.4	124.5	124.0	120.4	124.0
2017	124.0	127.0	123.4	124.0	127.1	125.0
March	124.7	127.8	125.4	124.7	127.9	125.4
June	125.7	128.2	126.3	125.7	128.2	126.3
September	126.5	129.2	127.2	126.5	129.3	127.2
December 2018	127.3	130.2	128.0	127.3	130.2	127.9
March	128.1	130.9	128.8	128.0	131.0	128.
June	128.8	131.5	129.5	128.8	131.6	129.4
September	130.0	132.6	130.6	129.9	132.7	130.6
December	130.9	133.5	131.5	130.8	133.5	131.5
	CHANGE	FROM PR		ANCIAL YEA		
2015–16	2.2	2.6	2.3	2.2	2.6	2.2
2016–17	1.7	2.2	1.8	1.7	2.2	1.9
2017–18	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.3
CHANGE F	ROM COF		ING QUART	ER OF PREV	IOUS YE	AR (%)
2016						
December 2017	1.8	2.2	2.0	1.8	2.3	1.9
March	1.3	2.2	1.5	1.3	2.3	1.5
June	2.0	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.2
September	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.3	2.2
December 2018	2.0	2.5	2.1	2.0	2.4	2.7
March	2.7	2.4	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.0
June	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.7	2.5
September	2.8	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.
December	2.8	2.5	2.7	2.7	2.5	(b)2.8
• • • • • • • • • •	СНАГ			QUARTER (		
2016				, ,	,	
December 2017	0.6	0.5	(b)0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6
March	-0.1	0.6	0.0	-0.1	0.6	0.1
June	0.8	0.3	0.7	0.8	0.2	0.7
September	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.7
December	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.0
2018	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0
March	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.0
June	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.0
	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9
Sentember	U. /	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.1
September December	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7

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#### All Sectors: Original

	New							Australian	
Period	South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Capital Territory	Australia
							-		
				INDEX NUI					
2014-15	119.9	120.3	120.5	120.4	122.5	120.0	121.5	119.7	120.4
2015-16	122.5	123.1	122.9	123.2	124.8	122.7	124.2	121.8	123.0
2016–17	125.0	125.5	125.3	125.8	126.5	125.4	126.9	124.0	125.4
2017–18	127.6	128.4	128.0	128.5	128.3	128.3	128.5	126.4	127.9
2015									
December	122.2	122.9	122.7	123.1	124.5	122.2	124.2	121.5	122.7
2016									
March	122.7	123.3	123.2	123.6	125.1	123.0	124.4	122.0	123.2
June	123.2	123.8	123.5	123.8	125.4	123.4	124.7	122.6	123.7
September	124.3	124.6	124.4	125.0	126.0	124.8	126.1	123.2	124.6
December	124.7	125.1	125.1	125.7	126.2	125.1	126.8	123.7	125.1
2017									
March	125.3	125.8	125.6	126.2	126.6	125.7	127.1	124.2	125.6
June	125.7	126.3	126.0	126.4	127.0	125.9	127.4	124.9	126.1
September	126.9	127.3	127.1	127.6	127.7	127.6	128.0	125.5	127.1
December 2018	127.3	128.1	127.8	128.2	128.1	127.9	128.2	126.2	127.7
March	127.9	128.7	128.2	128.9	128.5	128.7	128.5	126.7	128.2
June	127.7	120.7	128.7	120.7	128.9	120.7	120.3	120.7	120.2
September	129.8	127.4	130.1	129.2	120.7	130.8	127.5	127.3	130.0
December	130.3	131.4	130.8	131.2	130.2	131.1	131.0	128.7	130.6
Becombol									
	• • • • • • • •		NGE FROM						
2015-16	2.2	2.3	2.0	2.3	1.9	2.3	2.2	1.8	2.2
2016–17	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.1	1.4	2.2	2.2	1.8	2.0
2017–18	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.4	2.3	1.3	1.9	2.0
			I CORRESP						
001/								()	
2016	2.0	1.0	2.0	2.1	1.4	2.4	0.1	1.0	2.0
December 2017	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.1	1.4	2.4	2.1	1.8	2.0
March	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.1	1.2	2.2	2.2	1.8	1.9
June	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.2	2.2	2.2	1.8	1.9
September	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	1.3	2.0	1.5	1.9	2.0
December	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.0	1.5	2.2	1.0	2.0	2.0
2018									
March	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.1	1.5	2.4	1.1	2.0	2.1
June	2.1	2.5	2.1	2.2	1.5	2.5	1.5	1.9	2.1
September	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.2	1.6	2.5	1.7	2.2	2.3
December	2.4	2.6	2.3	2.3	1.6	2.5	2.2	2.0	2.3
		(	CHANGE FI	ROM PREV	10US QU <i>4</i>	ARTER (%)			
2016		- ·							
December 2017	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.4
March	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.4
June	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.4
September	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.6	1.4	0.5	0.5	0.8
December	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.5
2018	0.5	05	0.0	0.5	0.0	<u> </u>	0.0	0.4	~ •
March	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.5 0.2	0.3	0.6 0.3	0.2	0.4	0.4
June September	0.4 1.1	0.5 0.9	0.4 1.1	0.2	0.3 0.6	0.3 1.3	0.6 0.7	0.5 0.8	0.4 1.0
December	0.4	0.9	0.5	0.9	0.6	0.2	0.7	0.8	0.5
PCCCUIDE	0.4	0.7	0.5	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.5
••••	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •



#### WAGE PRICE INDEX: ORDINARY TIME HOURLY RATES OF PAY EXCLUDING BONUSES,

#### Sector by Industry—Index numbers(a): Original

FINANCIAL YEAR QUARTER Dec Qtr Mar Qtr Jun Qtr Sep Qtr Dec Qtr 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 2017 2018 2018 2018 2018 Industry PRIVATE Mining 123.9 125.9 127.1 128.8 128.5 128.7 129.6 130.4 130.8 128.2 127.9 128.5 129.0 130.1 130.7 Manufacturing 120.1 123.0 125.4 134.0 Electricity, gas, water and waste services 124.7 128.1 131.0 133.4 132.8 134.5 136.2 136.8 Construction 121.5 123.3 125.5 127.8 127.6 128.0 128.7 129.3 130.0 129.0 123.2 125.5 127.8 127.3 127.6 129.9 Wholesale trade 120.9 130.1 Retail trade 117.5 120.4 122.6 124.5 124.4 124.7 124.9 126.3 126.9 122.8 125.5 125.7 Accommodation and food services . 120.1 122.8 121.0 123.3 125.5 117.6 120.2 117.4 125.3 125.4 128.1 128.2 Transport, postal and warehousing 127.6 127.3 127.9 128.3 129.6 130.2 117.6120.3121.2124.3 Information media and telecommunications 125.1 125.2 125.5 125.6 126.3 127 1 130.7 Financial and insurance services Rental, hiring and real estate services 126.8 129.5 129.3 129.9 131.2 132.4 118.0 119.9 121.4 123.4 123.3 123.5 123.8 125.4 125.9 Professional, scientific and technical services 120.7 126.7 127.2 128.2 122.6 124.3 126.5 126.3 129.0 Administrative and support services 118.0 119.6 121.2 123.4 123.2 123.5 124.0 125.2 126.0 Public administration and safety 124.2 127.1 119.7 121.9 126.8 128.7 126.8 126.8 129.1 Education and training 122.5 125.2 127.9 131.0 130.4 131.5 132.2 133.6 134.1 Health care and social assistance 120.9 123.8 126.8 130.2 129.7 130.5 131.0 133.3 133 7 125.7 Arts and recreation services 120.4 123.3 128.8 128.6 129.1 129.2 131.1 132.1 118.8 121.5 123.8 Other services 126.6 126.4 126.9 127.0 128.9 129.2 All industries 120.2 122.6 124.8 127.2 127.0 127.4 128.0 129.2 129.8 PUBLIC 130.0 Electricity, gas, water and waste services 124.5 127.2 132.7 132.3 132.7 133.8 135.2 135.7 Professional, scientific and technical services 121.2 123.0 124.9 127.0 127.1 127.3 127.6 128.1 129.6 Public administration and safety121.0123.7126.3129.1 128.8 129.5 129.8 131.5 132.3 122.4 121.3 126.0 124.4 129.1 127.4 Education and training 132.3 131.9 132.8 133.4 134.2 135.0 Health care and social assistance 131.9 132.0 130.9 131.3 131.0 131.9 133.1 134.3 121.5 124.6 127.5 130.5 130.2 131.0 131.5 132.7 All industries(b) 133.6 ALL SECTORS 125.9 127.1 Mining 123.9 128.8 128.5 128.7 129.6 130.4 130.8 Manufacturing 120.1 123.0 125.4 128.2 127.9 128.5 129.0 130.1 130.7 130.3 Electricity, gas, water and waste services 127 5 132.9 132.4 133.2 135.5 136.1 124 5 134.0 Construction 121.4 123.3 125.5 127.8 127.6 128.0 128.7 129.3 130.0 Wholesale trade 120.9 123.2 125.5 127.8 127.3 127.6 129.0 129.9 130.1 Retail trade 117.4 120.3 122.6 124.5 124.3 124.7 124.8 126.3 126.8 Accommodation and food services 117.4 120.1 122.8 125.4 125.3 125.6 125.7 128.2 128.2 128.9 Transport, postal and warehousing 120.6 125.7 128.0 127.6 128.3 123.2 130.0 130.6 Information media and telecommunications 117.8 120.5 122.7 125.2 125.3 125.6 125.7 126.5 127.3 121.1 Financial and insurance services Rental, hiring and real estate services 129.3 130.7 124.2 126.8 129.5 129.9 131.2 132.4 118.5 120.4 121.9 123.9 123.8 124.0 124.3 125.9 126.4 Professional, scientific and technical services 120.7 122.6 124.4 126.5 126.3 126.7 127.2 128.2 129.0 Administrative and support services 118 1 1197 121 4 123.6 123.4 1237 124 1 125.3 126 1 Public administration and safety 120.9 123.5 126.2 128.9 128.7 129.3 129.6 131.3 132.1 128.7 Education and training 122.4 125.7 131.8 131.3 132.4 133.0 133.9 134.7 Health care and social assistance 121.1 124.1 127.1 130.6 130.3 130.9 131.4 133.2 134.0 Arts and recreation services 120.1 122.9 125.3 128.5 128.3 128.8 128.9 130.8 131.8 Other services 118.9 121.5 123.8 126.7 126.5 127.0 127.1 129.0 129.3 120.4 123.0 125.4 All industries 127.9 127.7 128.2 128.7 130.0 130.6 

(a) Reference period of each index: 2008-09 = 100.0.

(b) Includes those industries not separately listed.



#### WAGE PRICE INDEX: ORDINARY TIME HOURLY RATES OF PAY EXCLUDING BONUSES,

Sector by Industry—Percentage changes: Original

	FROM PREVI	OUS FINANC	CIAL YEAR	FROM CORRES QUARTER OF PREVIOUS YEA			FROM PI	REVIOUS	QUARTER	
Industry	2015-16	2016-17	2017–18		Dec Qtr 2017	Dec Qtr 2018	Mar Qtr 2018	Jun Qtr 2018	Sep Qtr 2018	Dec Qtr 2018
		I	PRIVATE							
Mining	1.6	1.0	1.3	1.0	1.3	1.8	0.2	0.7	0.6	0.3
Manufacturing	2.4	2.0	2.2	1.8	2.3	2.2	0.5	0.4	0.9	0.5
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	2.7	2.3	1.8	2.3	1.8	3.0	0.9	0.4	1.3	0.4
Construction	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.9	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5
Wholesale trade	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.2	0.2	1.1	0.7	0.2
Retail trade	2.5	1.8	1.5	1.9	1.6	2.0	0.2	0.2	1.1	0.5
Accommodation and food services	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.3	0.2	0.2	1.9	0.1
Transport, postal and warehousing	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.6	2.3	0.5	0.3	1.0	0.5
Information media and telecommunications Financial and insurance services	2.3	2.0	2.0 2.1	2.0 2.0	1.9 2.1	1.5	0.2	0.1	0.6 0.4	0.6 0.9
Rental, hiring and real estate services	2.6 1.6	2.0 1.3	2.1	2.0	2.1 1.6	2.4 2.1	0.5 0.2	0.6 0.2	0.4 1.3	0.9
Professional, scientific and technical services	1.6	1.3	1.0	1.3	1.0 1.9	2.1	0.2	0.2	0.8	0.4
Administrative and support services	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.2	1.2	2.3	0.2	0.4	1.0	0.6
Public administration and safety	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.2	1.8	0.0	0.2	1.3	0.3
Education and training	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.8	0.8	0.5	1.1	0.4
Health care and social assistance	2.4	2.4	2.7	2.4	2.5	3.1	0.6	0.4	1.8	0.3
Arts and recreation services	2.4	1.9	2.5	1.9	2.5	2.7	0.4	0.1	1.5	0.8
Other services	2.3	1.9	2.3	1.8	2.4	2.2	0.4	0.1	1.5	0.2
All industries	2.0	1.8	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.2	0.3	0.5	0.9	0.5
			PUBLIC							
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.6	0.3	0.8	1.0	0.4
Professional, scientific and technical services	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.8	2.0	0.2	0.2	0.4	1.2
Public administration and safety	2.2	2.1	2.2		2.1	2.7	0.5	0.2	1.3	0.6
Education and training	2.9	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.4	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.6
Health care and social assistance	2.6	2.4	2.8	2.4	2.9	2.6	0.3	0.5	0.9	0.9
All industries(a)	2.6	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.6	0.6	0.4	0.9	0.7
		ALL	SECTO	RS						
Mining	1.6	1.0	1.3	1.0	1.3	1.8	0.2	0.7	0.6	0.3
Manufacturing	2.4	2.0	2.2	1.8	2.3	2.2	0.5	0.4	0.9	0.5
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	2.4	2.2	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.8	0.6	0.6	1.1	0.4
Construction	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.9	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5
Wholesale trade	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.2	0.2	1.1	0.7	0.2
Retail trade	2.5	1.9	1.5	1.8	1.6	2.0	0.3	0.1	1.2	0.4
Accommodation and food services Transport, postal and warehousing	2.3 2.2	2.2 2.0	2.1 1.8	2.3 2.0	2.0 1.8	2.3 2.4	0.2 0.5	0.1 0.5	2.0 0.9	0.0 0.5
Information media and telecommunications	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.4 1.6	0.3	0.5	0.9	0.5
Financial and insurance services	2.3	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.4	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0
Rental, hiring and real estate services	1.6	1.2	1.6	1.2	1.6	2.4	0.3	0.0	1.3	0.4
Professional, scientific and technical services	1.6	1.2	1.7	1.2	1.8	2.1	0.2	0.2	0.8	0.4
Administrative and support services	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.3	1.8	2.2	0.2	0.3	1.0	0.6
Public administration and safety	2.2	(b)2.2	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.6	0.5	0.2	1.3	0.6
Education and training	2.7	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.6	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.6
Health care and social assistance	2.5	2.4	2.8	2.4	2.8	2.8	0.5	0.4	1.4	0.6
Arts and recreation services	2.3	2.0	2.6	1.9	2.6	2.7	0.4	0.1	1.5	0.8
Other services	2.2	1.9	2.3	1.9	2.4	2.2	0.4	0.1	1.5	0.2
All industries	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.3	0.4	0.4	(b) <b>1.0</b>	0.5

(a) Includes those industries not separately listed.

(b) See Explanatory Notes paragraph 27.

#### EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION	<b>1</b> This publication contains indexes measuring changes in the price of wages and salaries in the Australian labour market.
	2 The methodology used to construct the WPIs is similar to that used for other price indexes such as the Consumer Price Index. In the WPI, index numbers are compiled using information collected from a representative sample of employee jobs within a sample of employing organisations. Individual indexes are compiled for various combinations of state/territory, sector (private/public) and industry division. Industry is classified according to the <i>Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) 2006</i> (cat. no. 1292.0). For more detailed information on the methodology used in the construction of the WPI, refer to <i>Wage Price Index: Concepts, Sources and Methods</i> (cat. no. 6351.0.55.001).
CURRENT PUBLISHED INDEXES	<ul> <li>3 Four WPIs are constructed and published quarterly. These indexes were first compiled for the September quarter 1997, and cover:</li> <li>ordinary time hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses index</li> <li>ordinary time hourly rates of pay including bonuses index</li> <li>total hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses index</li> <li>total hourly rates of pay including bonuses index. In these indexes the term 'bonuses' refers to bonuses and commissions.</li> </ul>
DESIGN OF THE INDEXES BROAD DESCRIPTION	<b>4</b> The WPIs measure changes over time in the price of wages and salaries unaffected by changes in the quality or quantity of work performed. A range of procedures have been developed to identify and measure quality and quantity changes and ensure that only pure price changes are reflected in the indexes.
	<ul> <li>5 Price-determining characteristics of the jobs are fixed to ensure that changes in these characteristics do not contribute toward index movements. The following are examples of changes in price-determining characteristics which are not reflected in index movements:</li> <li>a changes in the nature of work performed (e.g. different tasks or responsibilities)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>changes in the nature of work performed (e.g. the number of hours worked)</li> <li>changes in the characteristics of the job occupant (e.g. age, apprenticeship year, successful completion of training or a qualification, grade or level, experience, length of service, etc.)</li> <li>changes in the location where the work is performed.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>6 Changes in the price of wages and salaries resulting from changes in the composition of the labour market are also excluded from index movements. To achieve this, a longitudinal survey methodology is used to measure a similar sample of jobs over time. Once a business is selected in the sample, it will be expected to provide data for a sample of jobs for a minimum of five years.</li> </ul>
WAGE PRICE INDEXES	7 The <i>ordinary time hourly rates of pay indexes</i> that <i>exclude bonuses</i> measure quarterly changes in ordinary time hourly wage and salary rates. Changes in rates of pay reflected in these indexes (i.e. pure price changes) arise from a range of sources including award variations, enterprise and workplace agreements, minimum wage setting, individual contracts and informal arrangements.
	<ul> <li>8 These indexes are not affected by changes in:</li> <li>penalty payments for overtime, shifts, weekends and public holidays (which fluctuate depending on the number of hours paid at penalty rates)</li> <li>allowances which fluctuate (such as those paid according to how much work is performed under special work conditions e.g. height, dirt, heat allowances)</li> <li>bonus payments (which may, or may not, relate to an individual's work performance). These payments are specifically excluded when calculating ordinary time hourly wage and salary rates.</li> </ul>

WAGE PRICE INDEXES 9 The effect of rolling ordinary time penalty payments and allowances into ordinary continued time hourly rates is excluded from these indexes. However, when overtime penalty payments and non-separable shift allowances are rolled into ordinary time hourly rates, the ordinary time indexes will increase accordingly. 10 The total hourly rates of pay indexes that exclude bonuses are based on a weighted combination of ordinary time hourly wage and salary rates (described in paragraphs 7 and 8) and overtime hourly rates. As a result, the total hourly rates of pay indexes reflect changes in both the ordinary time and overtime hourly rates. However, the effect of changes in the amount of overtime paid at each overtime rate is not shown in these indexes. **11** Only those indexes that exclude bonuses and commissions are pure price indexes because bonus and commission payments can reflect changes in the quality of work performed. No attempt is made to remove this quality element from the indexes that include bonuses and commissions. SCOPE AND COVERAGE 12 The target population of employers for the WPIs are all employing organisations in Australia (private and public sectors) except: enterprises primarily engaged in agriculture, forestry or fishing private households employing staff foreign embassies, consulates, etc. **13** A sample redesign was undertaken and the outcome implemented from the December quarter 2009. A result of this review was to stop collecting data on a quarterly basis from micro businesses (0-4 employment). The size and frequency of pay changes for jobs in micro businesses was found to be the same as businesses with employment of five or more. Therefore, micro businesses are now treated as being out of coverage but remain in scope through their continued inclusion in the expenditure weights used in compiling the WPIs. The introduction of this change does not impact what the indexes are measuring. 14 All employee jobs in the target population of employers are in scope of the WPIs, except the following: Australian permanent defence force jobs non-salaried directors proprietors/partners of unincorporated businesses persons paid by commission only working proprietors/owner managers of Pty Ltd companies employees on workers' compensation who are not paid through the payroll • 'non-maintainable' jobs (i.e. jobs that are expected to be occupied for less than six months of a year) jobs for which wages and salaries are not determined by the Australian labour market (e.g. most employees of Community Development Employment Programs, or jobs where the remuneration is set in a foreign country). **15** As such, full-time, part-time, permanent, casual, managerial and non-managerial jobs are in scope. Costs incurred by employers for work undertaken by self-employed persons such as consultants and subcontractors are out-of-scope, as they do not relate to employee jobs.

#### **EXPLANATORY** NOTES continued

DATA COLLECTION 16 Information for the WPI is collected each quarter by mail and online questionnaires from a sample survey of private and public sector employers selected from the ABS Business Register. The survey reference date is the last pay period ending on or before the third Friday of the middle month of the quarter. Data for bonuses are collected in respect to those bonuses paid during the three month period ending on the third Friday of the middle month of the quarter. **17** In the first quarter they participate in the survey, each employer selects a sample of jobs from their workplace(s) using sampling instructions provided by the ABS, and provides information for these jobs, including detailed pricing specifications. In subsequent quarters survey respondents are asked to provide details of payments made to the current occupants of these same jobs. It is essential that the same jobs are priced in successive quarters, whether the individual job occupants are the same or not. Approximately 18,000 matched jobs are priced each quarter from the selected employers. **18** The sampling method retains the highest possible common sample of employers over time, and retains the same sampled jobs within those employers where possible. However, it is also necessary to ensure the WPIs continue to be relevant and representative over time. For these reasons, the employer sample is refreshed annually (for the December guarter) in a way that ensures a high proportion of common selections while allowing new employers to be represented in the sample. Refreshing the sample also allows the ABS to control the length of time that small businesses are included in the sample. **19** Between each annual refresh of the employer sample, a small number of employee jobs will be lost from the survey sample because of the closure of some businesses. In addition, some jobs in continuing businesses will be replaced in the sample because of restructuring and other job changes. WFIGHTING 20 Expenditure weights are a measure of the relative importance of each elementary aggregate (EA), based on employers' expenditure on wages and salaries. Below the EA level, sample weights applied to each job on the WPI survey indicate the number of jobs in the Australian labour market a particular sampled job represents. 21 Businesses selected in the WPI are assigned sample weights according to the number of similar businesses they represent in their state, industry and sector. Jobs are assigned sample weights according to the number of jobs they represent in that business. The total sample weight for a job is determined by multiplying business and job sample weights together. This total sample weight is the number of jobs in the Australian labour market a particular sampled job represents. 22 The total employment figures for each business in the WPI survey are obtained from providers each September quarter. Job weights are updated based on these employment data and applied to the WPI sample each December quarter. These actions ensure the WPI sample remains representative. 23 Expenditure weights are updated every two years to reflect structural changes in the Australian economy. Once updated, the weights are fixed again, and a new weighting reference period is created. In the following quarters, prices will be compared using this new weighting reference period. This process is referred to as reweighting. Reweighting ensures the index remains relevant. 24 The December quarter 2018 weight update uses wages and salaries expenditure sourced from the 2018 Survey of Employee Earnings and Hours (EEH). The EEH data items used in the December quarter 2018 weight update are: ordinary time earnings and total earnings. These data are price updated to represent current period values for each

index. Prior to the December quarter 2016 only EEH total earnings was used in weighting

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTES** *continued*

WEIGHTING continued	<ul> <li>all indexes. This is the item which aligns most closely with the headline WPI series. The use of EEH ordinary time earnings to weight the ordinary time hourly rates of pay indexes improves the conceptual alignment of the expenditure weight to the index. This improvement in alignment has not impacted the indexes. The new weights are available in the Appendix in the publication and as a data cube on the ABS website. The next weight update will occur in the December quarter 2020.</li> <li>25 When the expenditure weights are updated, the published index numbers will not recommence at 100.0. The series based on the old expenditure weights and that based on the new weights are linked to form a continuous series.</li> </ul>
INTERPRETATION OF INDEX NUMBERS	<b>26</b> Index numbers in this publication measure changes in the price of wages and salaries between the commencement of the series and a later period. Index number levels cannot be compared across states/territories as they do not provide comparative information on the relative levels of labour costs. Similarly, index number levels cannot be compared across sectors or industries. The usefulness of index numbers stems from the fact that index numbers for any two periods can be used to directly calculate the change or movement in the price of labour between the two periods. These <i>movements</i> can be compared across states/territories, sectors or industries.
PERCENTAGE CHANGE AND ROUNDING	<b>27</b> The published index numbers have been rounded to one decimal place, and the percentage changes (also rounded to one decimal place) are calculated from the rounded index numbers. In some cases, this can result in the percentage change for the total level of a group of indexes being outside the range of the percentage changes for the component level indexes. Seasonally adjusted and trend quarterly estimates are calculated from unrounded original indexes. The percentage changes (rounded to one decimal place) are calculated from the rounded index numbers.
INDEX MOVEMENTS	<ul> <li>28 Movements in indexes from one period to another can be expressed either as changes in index points or as percentage changes. In this publication, percentage changes are calculated to illustrate three different kinds of movements in indexes:</li> <li>movements between consecutive quarters</li> <li>movements between corresponding quarters of consecutive years (i.e. changes 'through the year')</li> <li>movements between consecutive financial years.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>29 The following example illustrates the method of calculating changes in index points and percentage changes between any two periods: <i>Total hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses</i>, All Sectors, Australia Index numbers, trend (see table 1)         December quarter 2018         130.5         <i>less</i> December quarter 2017         127.6         Change in index points         2.9         Percentage change         2.9/127.6 x 100 = 2.3%       </li> </ul>
FINANCIAL YEAR INDEXES	<b>30</b> Index numbers for financial years are calculated as simple (arithmetic) averages of the four quarterly index numbers for the financial year. As the WPIs were first produced for the September quarter 1997, the first financial year index number that can be calculated is for 1997–98. Consequently, the first percentage change between financial

FINANCIAL YEAR INDEXES continued	illustrates the method of calculating the <i>Total hourly rates of pay excluding</i>				
	Ir September quarter 2017 <i>plus</i> December quarter 2017 <i>plus</i> March quarter 2018 <i>plus</i> June quarter 2018 Financial year 2017–18	ndex numbers, original (see table 2) 127.1 127.7 128.2 128.7 511.7/4 = 127.9			
	<b>31</b> Percentage changes between the i calculated using the method outlined ir	ndex numbers for any two financial years can be n paragraph 29 above.			
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED INDEXES	calendar related effects from the original related effects are a combination of the weather, social traditions or administrat variations, such as the number of tradin in the year (e.g. Christmas). In the sease calendar related factors evolve over tim	derived by estimating and removing systematic al series. In most economic data these calendar classical seasonal influences (e.g. the effect of the tive practices) plus other kinds of calendar related ag days, Easter or the proximity of significant days onal adjustment process, both seasonal and other e to reflect changes in activity patterns. The e sampling and non-sampling errors to which the			
	<b>33</b> The <i>total hourly rates of pay excluding bonuses index</i> is the only index of the WPI that is seasonally adjusted. Institutional effects largely drive the seasonality of this index. Important factors in determining this seasonality are the timing of effect of agreements, the length of these agreements, and the timing of the implementation of significant wage determinations that impact on rates of pay. A significant institutional change in wage setting arrangements can affect the relative level (or trend) and seasonality of the index.				
	annual Safety Net Review (SNR) decisio rates. Since the commencement of the index. Most of its impact on the WPI wa effect in the December quarter each yea seasonality for those quarters. As a resu	trial Relations Commission (AIRC) handed down ns which set federal full-time minimum award WPI, the SNR has contributed to the level of the is in the September quarter with some residual ar. This impact contributed to the level of It of industrial relations changes associated with on in 2006. The setting of federal minimum wage ustralian Fair Pay Commission (AFPC).			
	of 1 December 2006. The impact on the	ded down on 26 October 2006 with a date of effect e WPI of the first AFPC ruling was mainly in the p, AFPC determinations impacted the December			
	national workplace relations system und 2010 FWA announced its first annual mi the WPI in the September quarter 2010. effect in the September quarter of each To account for the change in timing, the	(FWA) began operations as part of a new derpinned by the Fair Work Act 2009. In June inimum wage decision and the increase impacted . Since 2010, minimum wage decisions have taken year and have resulted in a change of seasonality. e seasonally adjusted and trend series were 10 to remove the influence of the different timing on the WPI.			

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTES** *continued*

CONCURRENT SEASONAL ANALYSIS	<b>37</b> The WPI uses a concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology to derive the adjustment factors. This method uses the original time series available at each reference period to estimate seasonal factors for the current and previous quarters. Concurrent seasonal adjustment is technically superior to the more traditional method of reanalysing seasonal patterns once each year because it uses all available data to fine tune the estimates of the seasonal component each quarter. With concurrent analysis, the seasonally adjusted series are subject to revision each quarter as the estimates of the seasonal factors for the previous quarter as the estimates of the seasonal factors are improved. In most instances, the only significant revisions will be to the combined adjustment factors for the previous quarter and for the same quarter in the preceding year as the reference quarter (i.e. if the latest quarter is $Q_t$ then the most significant revisions will be to $Q_{t-1}$ and $Q_{t-4}$ ). Seasonal patterns are also reanalysed when there are known changes to regular events. This can lead to additional revisions.
ARIMA MODELLING	<b>38</b> The ABS uses Autoregressive Integrated Moving Averages (ARIMA) modelling techniques to produce seasonally adjusted estimates. ARIMA modelling is a technique that can be used to extend original estimates beyond the end of a time series. The extended values are temporary, intermediate values that are used internally to improve seasonal adjustment. They do not affect the original estimates and are discarded at the end of the seasonal adjustment process. The use of ARIMA modelling generally results in a reduction in revisions to the seasonally adjusted estimates when subsequent data becomes available. ARIMA modelling in the WPI was introduced in the June quarter 2008. For more information on the details of ARIMA modelling see the feature article 'Use of ARIMA modelling to reduce revisions' in the October 2004 issue of <i>Australian Economic Indicators</i> (cat. no. 1350.0).
TREND ESTIMATES	<b>39</b> The trend is a measure of the underlying direction of a series. The ABS trend estimates for the WPI are derived by applying a 7-term Henderson-weighted moving average to all quarters of the respective seasonally adjusted indexes except the first three and last three quarters. Trend estimates are created for these quarters by applying surrogates of the 7-term Henderson weighted moving average to the seasonally adjusted indexes, tailored to each time series. In general, trend estimates give a better indication of underlying behaviour than the seasonally adjusted estimates. Please refer to the ABS Information Paper, <i>A Guide to Interpreting Time Series - Monitoring Trends</i> (cat. no. 1349.0).
	<b>40</b> Increases in minimum wage rates contribute to the relative level (or trend) of the WPI. A review of the seasonally adjusted series was undertaken in the September quarter 2010 to remove the impacts of the different timing of the increases in minimum wage rates. A trend break correction has been applied between the June quarter and the September quarter 2009 to remove the shift in the underlying level as a result of no increase to minimum wage rates being awarded in 2009.
INDEX REFERENCE PERIOD	<b>41</b> The index reference period of an index series is that period for which the value of the index is set to 100.0. From the September quarter 2009 issue of this publication the wage price indexes are calculated on an index reference period of $2008-09 = 100.0$ .
REVISIONS TO INDEXES	<b>42</b> Original index numbers will be released as final figures at the time they are first published. Revisions will only occur in exceptional circumstances. Trend and seasonally adjusted indexes may be revised as extra quarters are included and analysed for seasonal influences (see paragraphs 32 to 40).

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTES** *continued*

RELATED PUBLICATIONS	<ul> <li>43 Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which are available free on the ABS website &lt; http://www.abs.gov.au &gt;:</li> <li>Wage Price Index: Concepts, Sources and Methods, (cat. no. 6351.0.55.001)</li> <li>Information Paper: Update on ANZSIC 2006 Implementation for Labour Price Index, Australia, 2009, (cat. no. 6345.0.55.001)</li> <li>Consumer Price Index, Australia, (cat. no. 6401.0)</li> <li>House Price Indexes, Eight Capital Cities, (cat. no. 6416.0)</li> <li>International Trade Price Indexes, Australia, (cat. no. 6457.0)</li> <li>Producer Price Indexes, Australia, (cat. no. 6427.0)</li> <li>Australian Consumer Price Index: Concepts, Sources and Methods, (cat. no. 6461.0)</li> <li>Producer and International Trade Price Indexes: Concepts, Sources and Methods, (cat. no. 6429.0)</li> <li>Australian Labour Market Statistics, (cat. no. 6105.0)</li> </ul>
	<b>44</b> Current publications and other products released by the ABS are listed on the ABS website < http://www.abs.gov.au > . The ABS also issues a daily Release Advice on the website which details products to be released in the week ahead.
ABS DATA AVAILABLE ON REQUEST	<b>45</b> As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant data available on request. Inquiries should be made to WPI on Perth (08) 9360 5151 or the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070.

#### APPENDIX DISTRIBUTION OF EXPENDITURE ON WAGES

AS UPDATED DECEMBER QUARTER 2018

# **A1** DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYERS' EXPENDITURE ON WAGES, TOTAL EARNINGS(a)(b)

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	Private	Public	Total
	%	%	%
Australia by sector			
Australia	77.2	22.8	100.0
Sector by State/Territory			
New South Wales	34.1	29.3	33.0
Victoria	26.5	23.3	25.7
Queensland	18.2	19.8	18.6
South Australia	5.3	7.1	5.7
Western Australia	11.9	10.9	11.7
Tasmania	1.4	2.3	1.6
Northern Territory	1.0	2.0	1.2
Australian Capital Territory	1.5	5.4	2.4
Australia	100.0	100.0	100.0
Sector by broad industry group(c)			
Mining	4.2	(d)	3.3
Manufacturing	8.9	(d)	6.9
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	0.9	3.0	1.4
Construction	11.5	(d)	9.0
Wholesale trade	5.9	(d)	4.6
Retail trade	8.0	(d)	6.2
Accommodation and food services	4.7	(d)	3.7
Transport, postal and warehousing	5.0	(d)	4.8
Information media and telecommunications	2.1	(d)	1.8
Financial and insurance services	6.8	(d)	5.5
Rental, hiring and real estate services	2.3	(d)	1.8
Professional, scientific and technical services	13.5	1.4	10.7
Administrative and support services	7.1	(d)	5.6
Public administration and safety	0.8	34.2	8.4
Education and training	4.4	28.7	9.9
Health care and social assistance	9.1	24.6	12.6
Arts and recreation services	1.3	(d)	1.1
Other services	3.5	(d)	2.8
All industries	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) See paragraphs 23-28 of the Explanatory Notes.

(b) Components may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

- (c) Classified according to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), 2006 (cat. no. 1292.0).
- (d) For the Public sector, these industries are combined and included in the 'All industries' total.

AS UPDATED DECEMBER QUARTER 2018 *continued* 

### A2 DISTRIBUTION OF EMPLOYERS' EXPENDITURE ON WAGES, ORDINARY TIME EARNINGS(a)(b)

	Private	Public	Total
	%	%	%
Australia by sector			
Australia	76.9	23.1	100.0
Sector by State/Territory			
New South Wales	34.4	29.2	33.2
Victoria	26.5	23.3	25.8
Queensland	18.1	19.8	18.4
South Australia	5.3	7.1	5.7
Western Australia	11.8	10.9	11.6
Tasmania	1.4	2.3	1.6
Northern Territory	1.0	2.0	1.2
Australian Capital Territory	1.5	5.4	2.4
Australia	100.0	100.0	100.0
Sector by broad industry group(c)			
Mining	4.3	(d)	3.3
Manufacturing	8.6	(d)	6.6
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	0.9	2.9	1.3
Construction	10.7	(d)	8.3
Wholesale trade	5.9	(d)	4.5
Retail trade	8.2	(d)	6.3
Accommodation and food services	4.9	(d)	3.8
Transport, postal and warehousing	4.8	(d)	4.6
Information media and telecommunications	2.1	(d)	1.9
Financial and insurance services	7.0	(d)	5.6
Rental, hiring and real estate services	2.3	(d)	1.8
Professional, scientific and technical services	13.8	1.4	11.0
Administrative and support services	7.1	(d)	5.5
Public administration and safety	0.8	34.1	8.5
Education and training	4.5	29.3	10.2
Health care and social assistance	9.3	24.5	12.8
Arts and recreation services	1.3	(d)	1.2
Other services	3.5	(d)	2.7
All industries	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) See paragraphs 23-28 of the Explanatory Notes.

(b) Components may not sum to 100.0 due to rounding.

- (c) Classified according to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), 2006 (cat. no. 1292.0).
- (d) For the Public sector, these industries are combined and included in the 'All industries' total.

### GLOSSARY

Bonuses	Payments made to a job occupant that are in addition to regular wages and salaries and which generally relate to the job occupant's, or the organisation's, performance. In the WPI, the term 'bonuses' refers to bonuses and commissions.
Elementary aggregates	The finest aggregations of jobs, in terms of state/territory, sector and industry group, for which expenditure weights are available.
Employee job	A job for which the occupant receives remuneration in wages, salary, payment in kind, or piece rates.
Employer	Organisation with one or more employees.
Expenditure weights	A measure of the relative importance of each elementary aggregate, based on employers' total expenditure on wages and salaries. Expenditure weights are used to combine elementary aggregate indexes into broader level indexes.
Index number	Measures the ratio of the price of labour between the commencement of the index series and a later period.
Index reference period	The period for which an index series is given the value of 100.0. The current index reference period for the WPI is the 2008–09 financial year.
Industry	Classified according to the <i>Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), 2006</i> (cat. no. 1292.0).
Ordinary time hourly rates of pay index	Measures quarterly change in ordinary time hourly rates of pay (see Explanatory Notes paragraphs 7 and 8).
Ordinary time hours	Award, standard or agreed hours of work paid for at the ordinary rate.
Overtime hours	The number of hours paid for in excess of ordinary time hours.
Reference date	The reference date for this survey is the last pay period ending on or before the third Friday of the middle month of the quarter, except for bonuses which are collected in respect to those paid during the three month period ending on the third Friday of the middle month of the quarter.
Sector	Public sector comprises local government authorities and all government departments and agencies created by, or reporting to, the Commonwealth, or state/territory parliaments. The private sector comprises all organisations not classified as public sector.
Seasonal adjustment	Process of removing systematic calendar related effects from the original series (see Explanatory Notes paragraphs 32–38, 42).
Total hourly rates of pay index	Measures quarterly change in combined ordinary time and overtime hourly rates of pay (see Explanatory Notes paragraph 10).
Trend	A measure of the underlying direction of a series (see Explanatory Notes paragraphs 39–40, 42).
Wage price index	Measures changes in the price of wages.
Weight reference period	The period to which the expenditure weights relate.

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	www.abs.gov.au	the ABS website is the best place for
	data from our publications and information about the ABS.	

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